



Cloud 101

ISC Cloud First Program
Lunchtime Learning
March 23, 2017

Contents

- What is the cloud
- How did it come into existence
- Types of cloud service
- Advantages and Challenges
- ISC's Cloud First Program

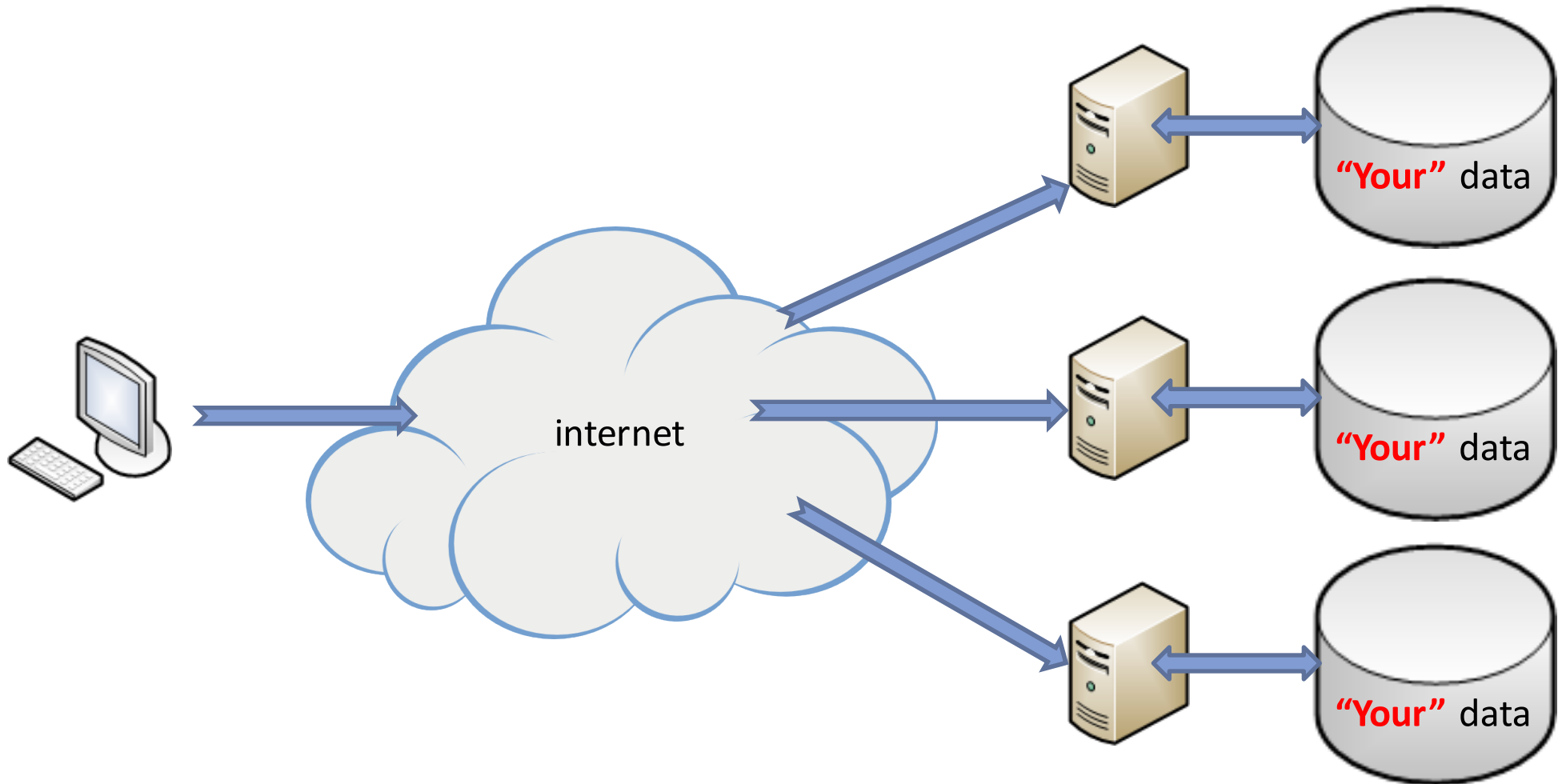


“The Cloud”?

- Gmail, G+, Android
- Constant Contact / Mail Chimp
- Doodle
- Salesforce.com
- Box / Dropbox / Crashplan
- Facebook
- Office 365, Azure
- Amazon Web Services



Services provided through the internet



“The Cloud”?

- Systems connecting to a network were diagrammed with a ‘cloud’ shape
- Services offered through ‘the internet’ are ‘cloud’ services
- Any vendor providing services using the internet now has a ‘cloud’ service or offering
- Broadly 3 classes of services are recognized
 - Infrastructure as a service – IaaS
 - Platform as a service – PaaS
 - Software as a service – SaaS

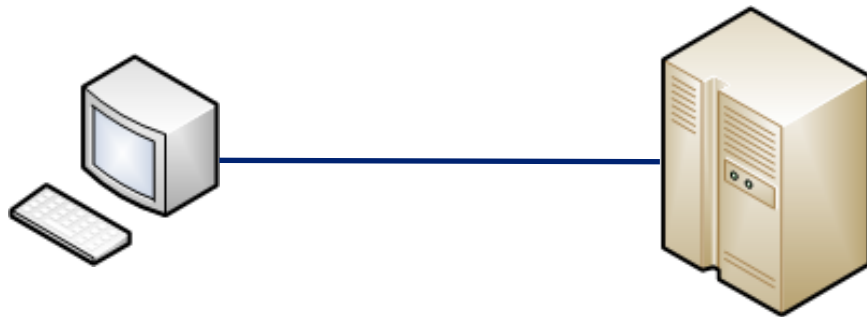


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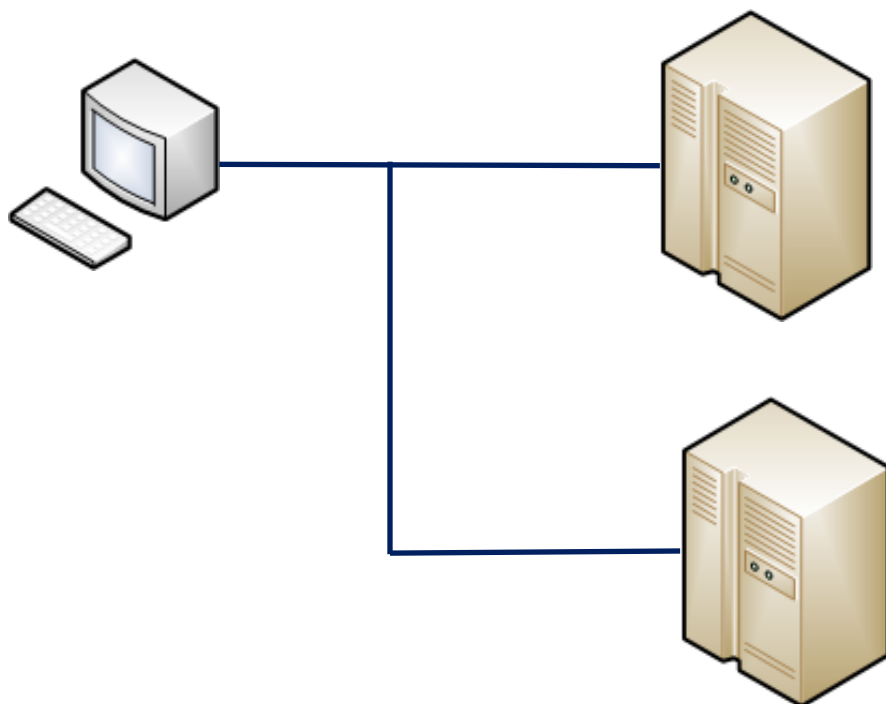
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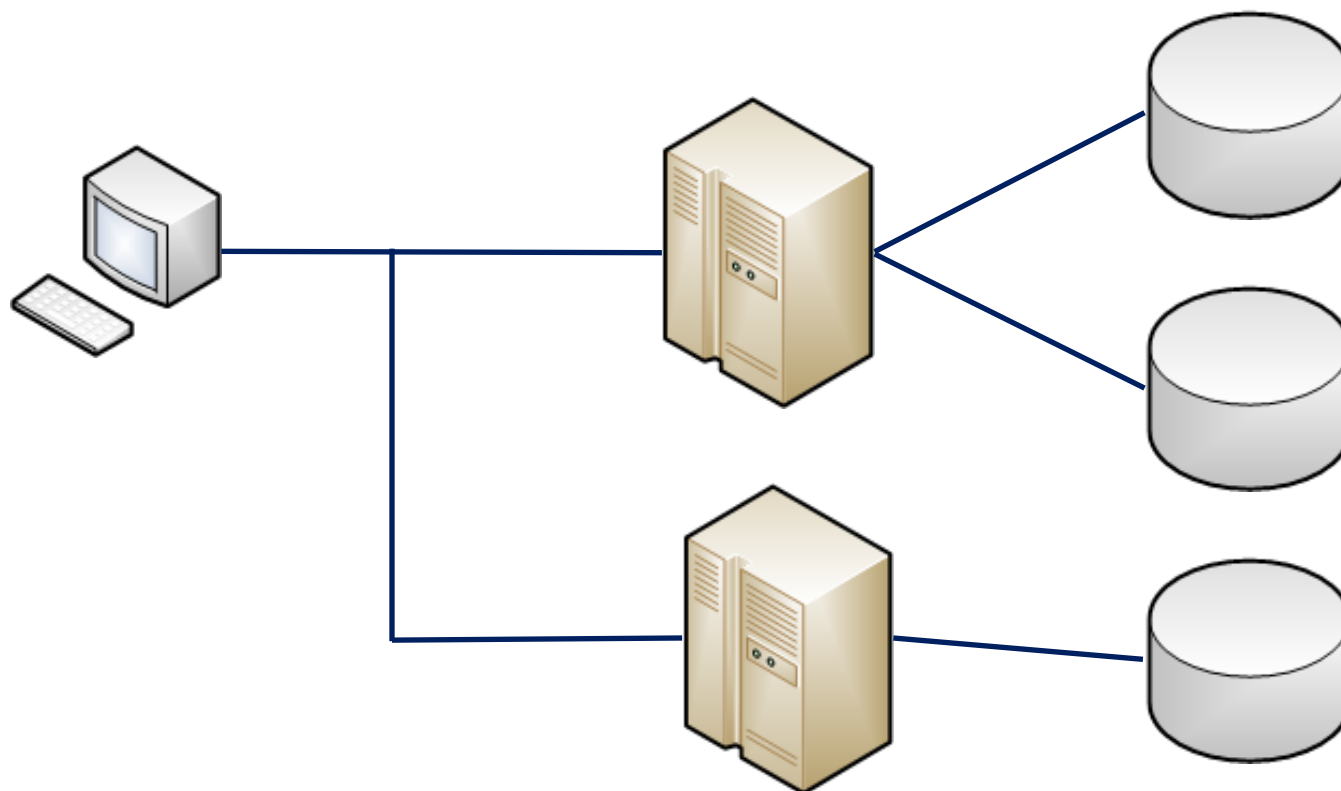
A little history



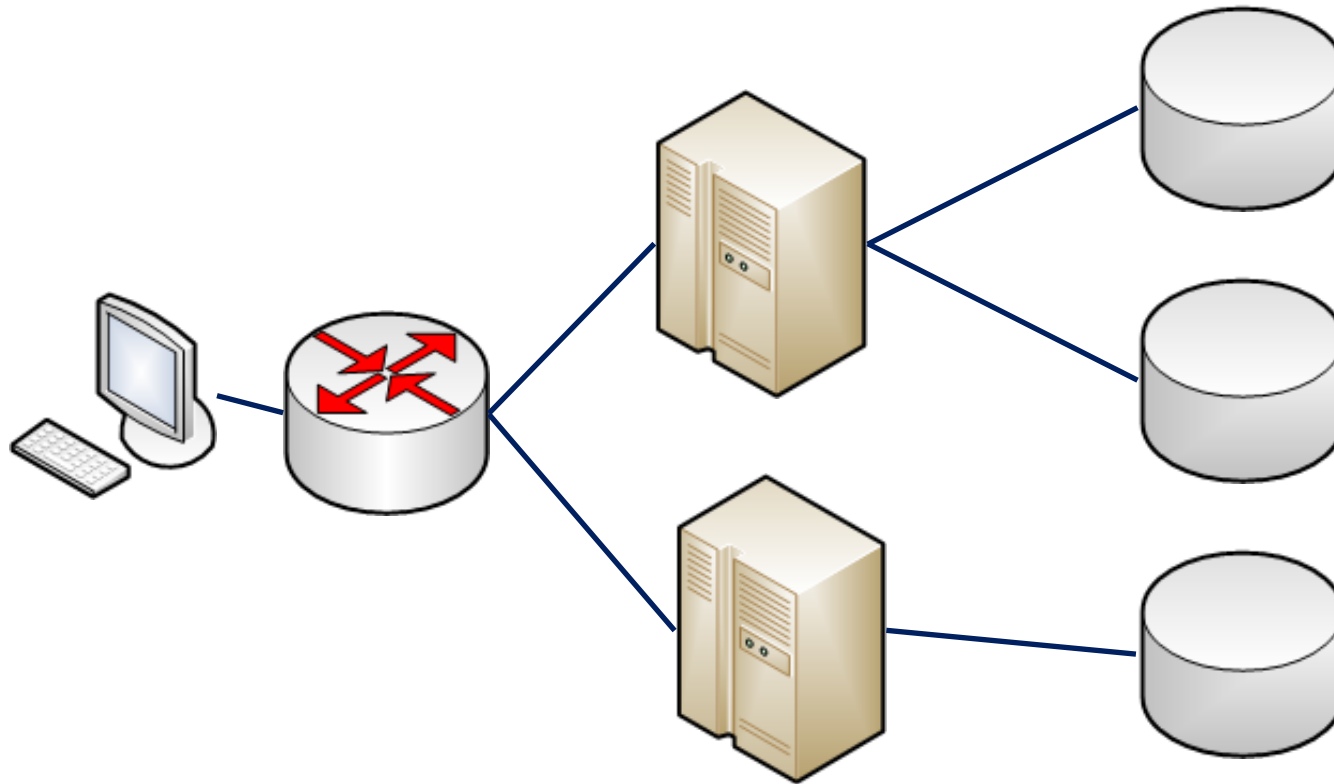
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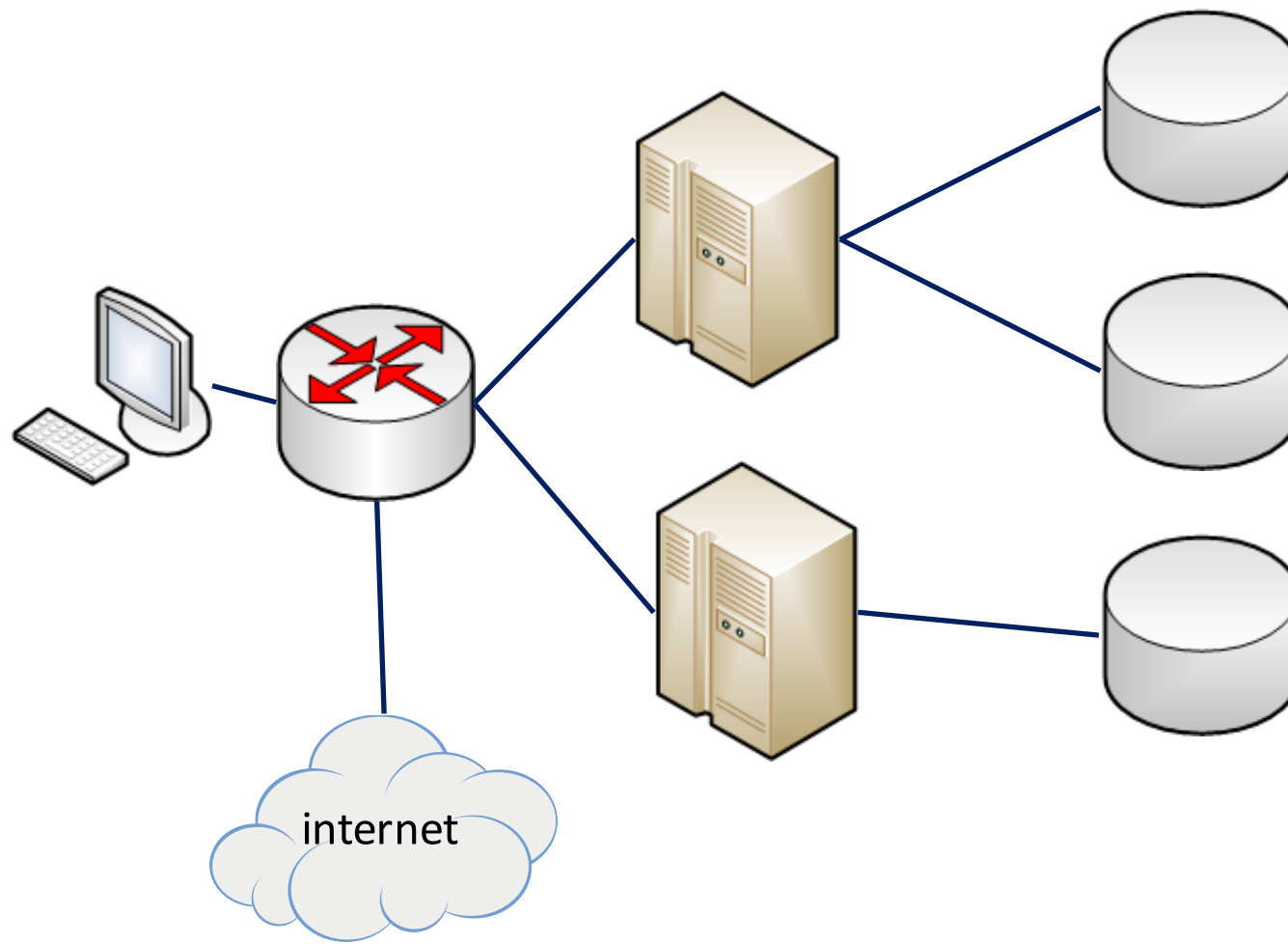
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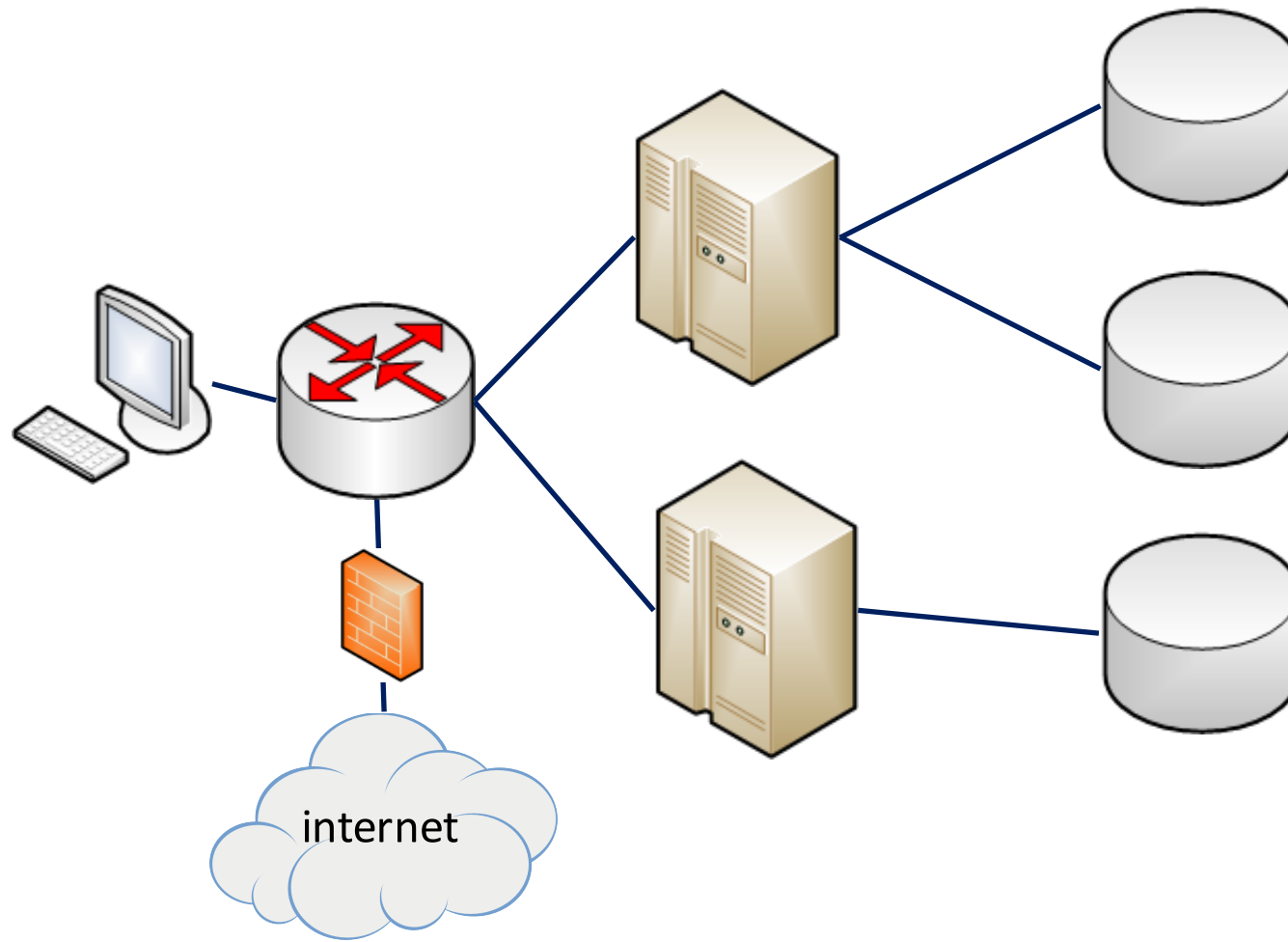
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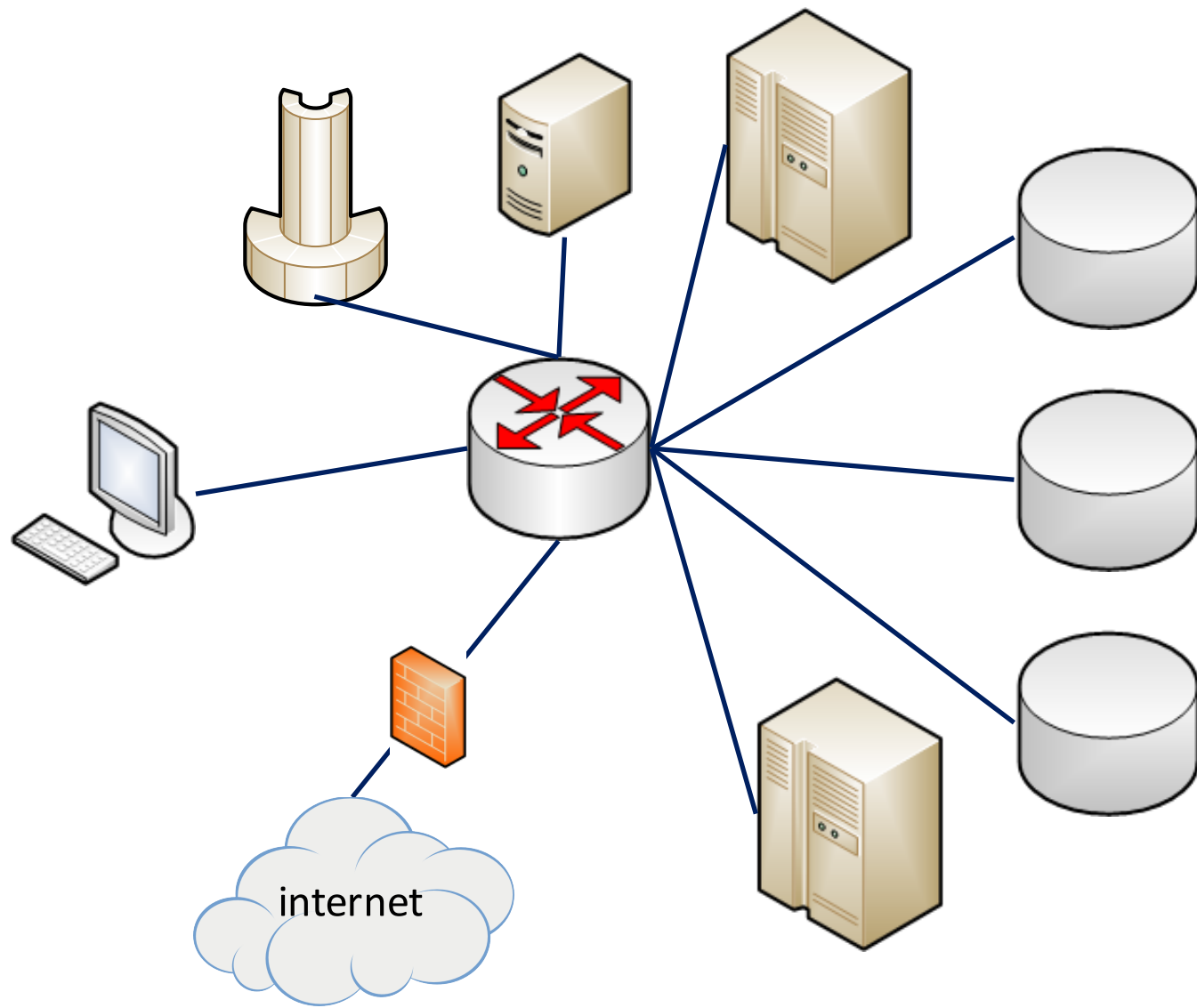
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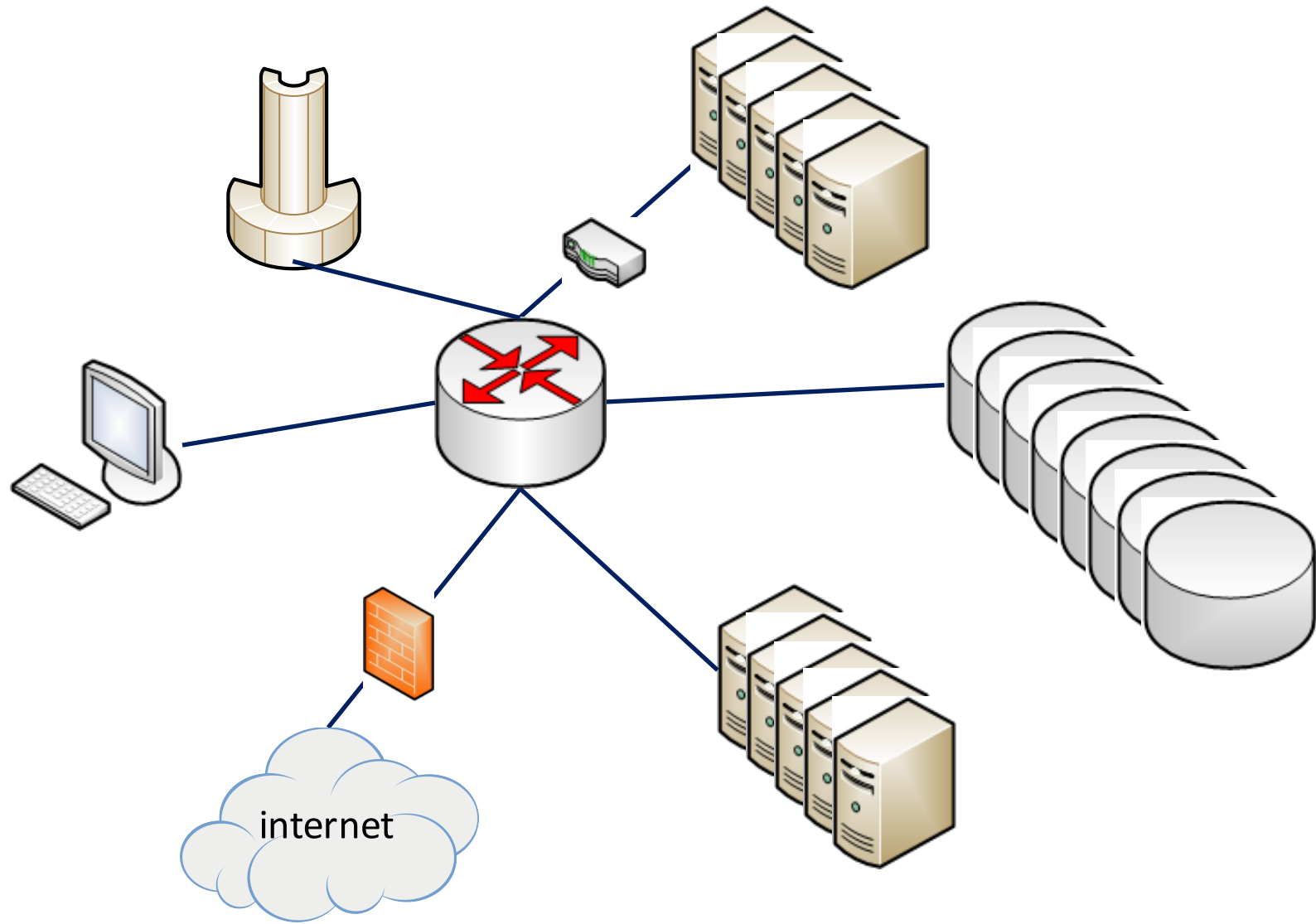
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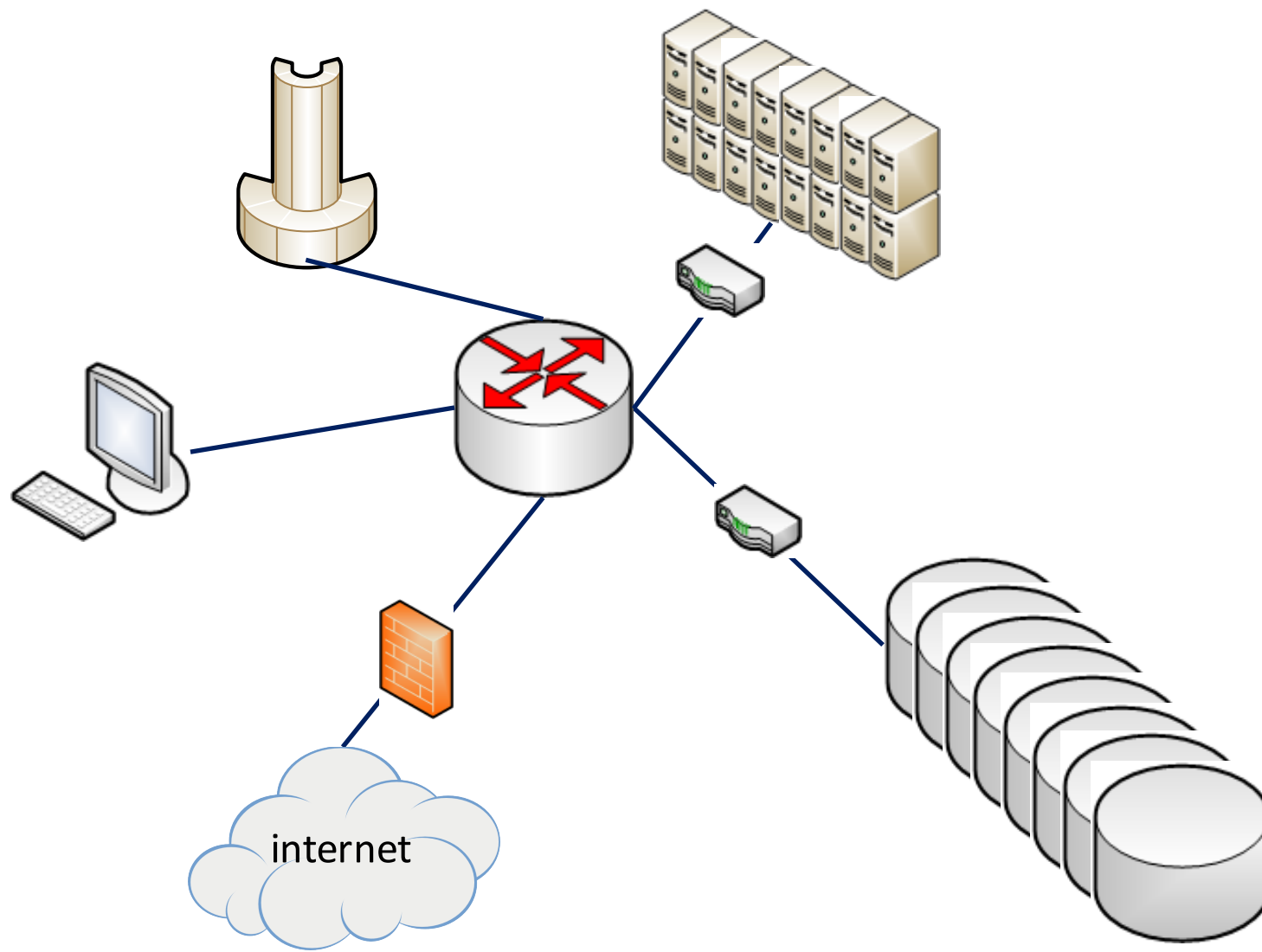
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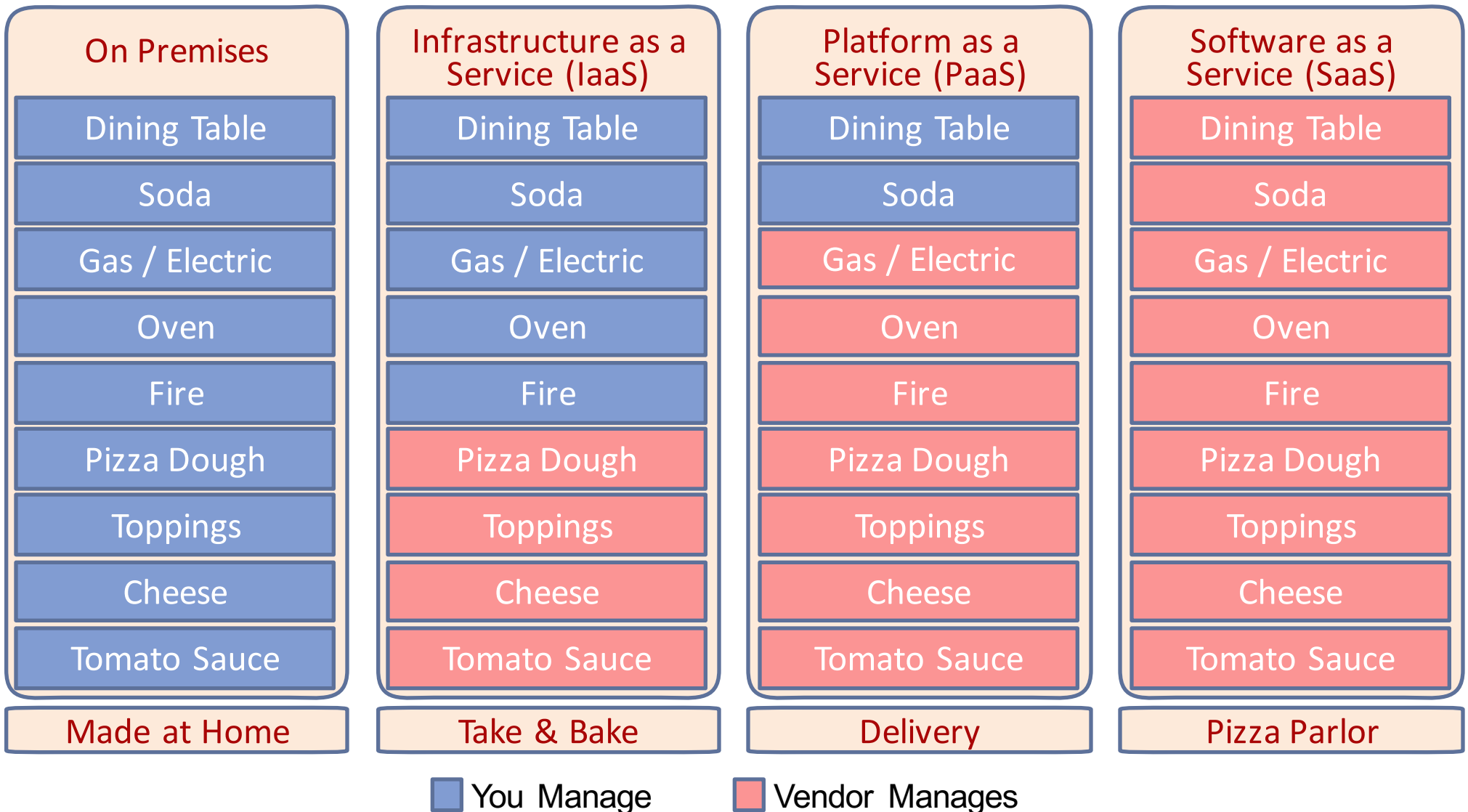


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Pizza as a Service *

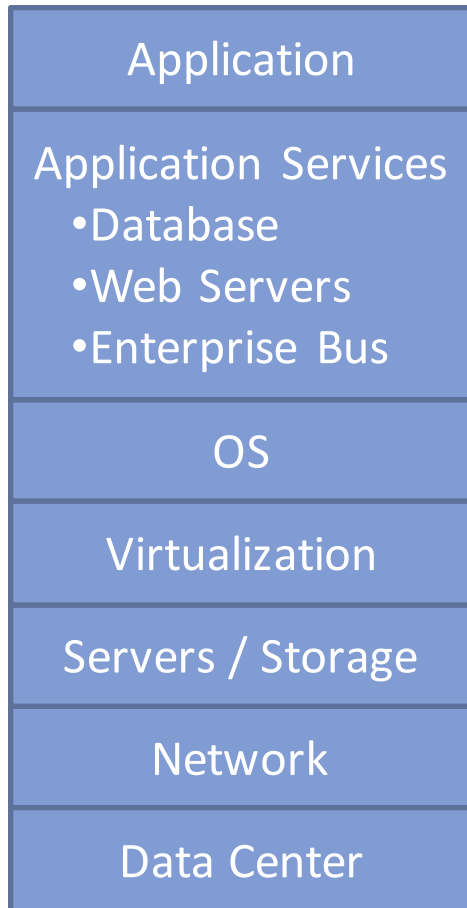


*Albert Barron – IBM – <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/20140730172610-9679881-pizza-as-a-service>

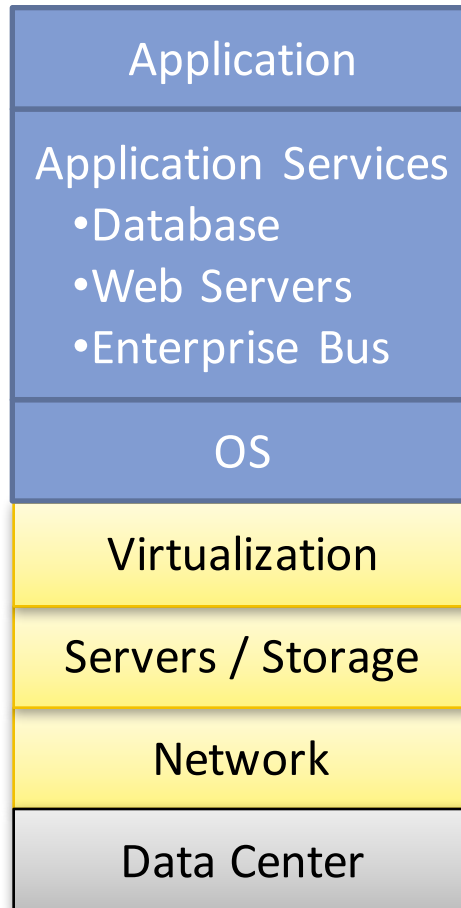


The Service Stack

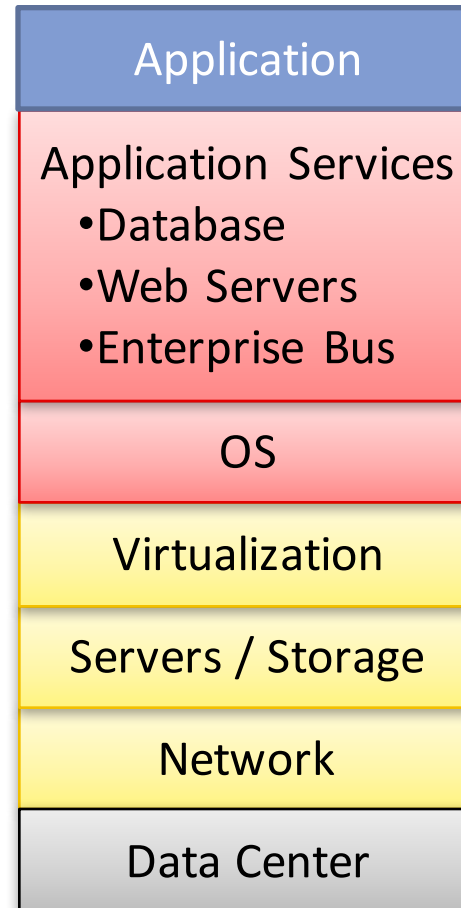
On Premises



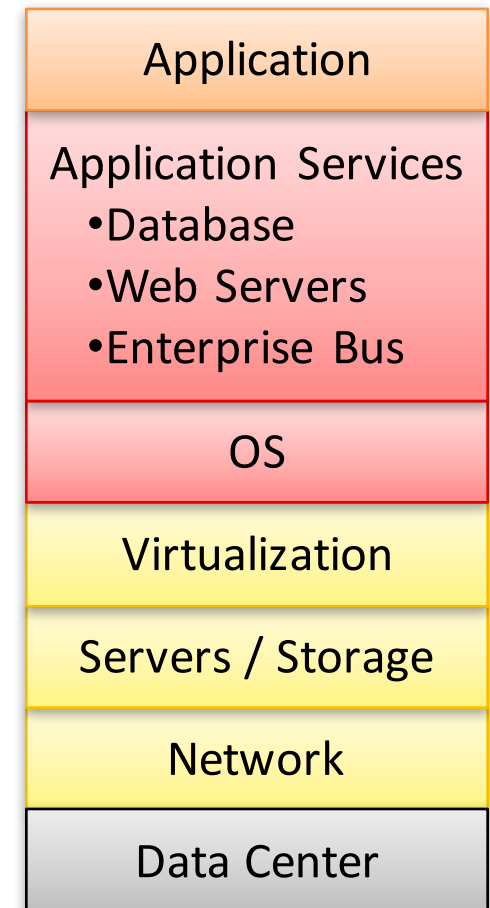
IaaS



PaaS



SaaS



Enablers

- Virtualization
 - Servers
 - Storage
- Increased Capacity
 - System Performance
 - Storage capacity, speed and size
 - Decreased power consumption
- Improved Internet Infrastructure
 - Bandwidth
 - Latency
- Distributed Computing
- Resource Abstraction



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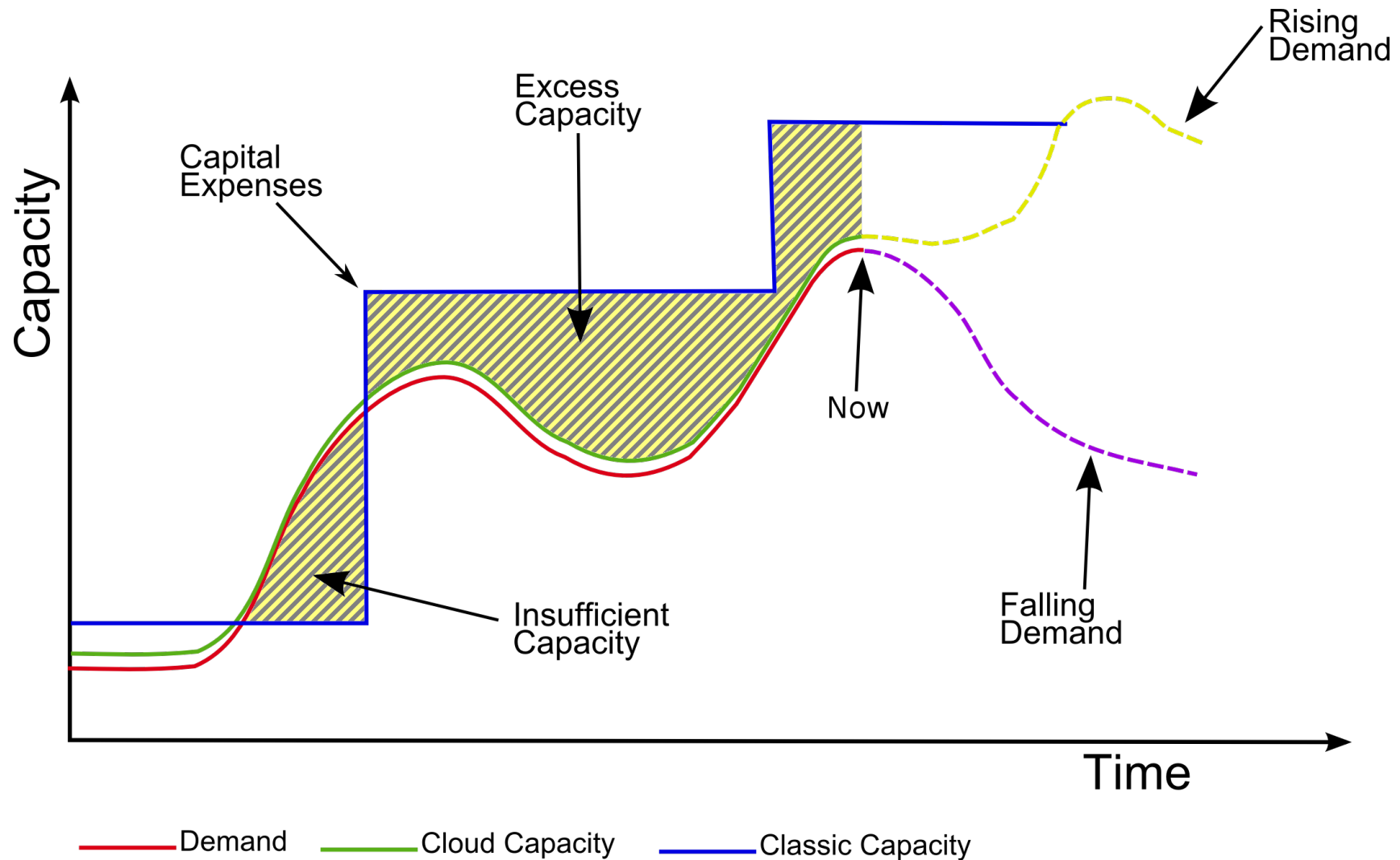


Advantages

- Trade Capital Expense for Operational Expense
- Distributed Architectures made Easy
- Scalability is Built-In
- Decreased 'Time to Market'
- Fail early, Fail often
- Infrastructure Security vs. Application Security



CapEx vs. OpEx



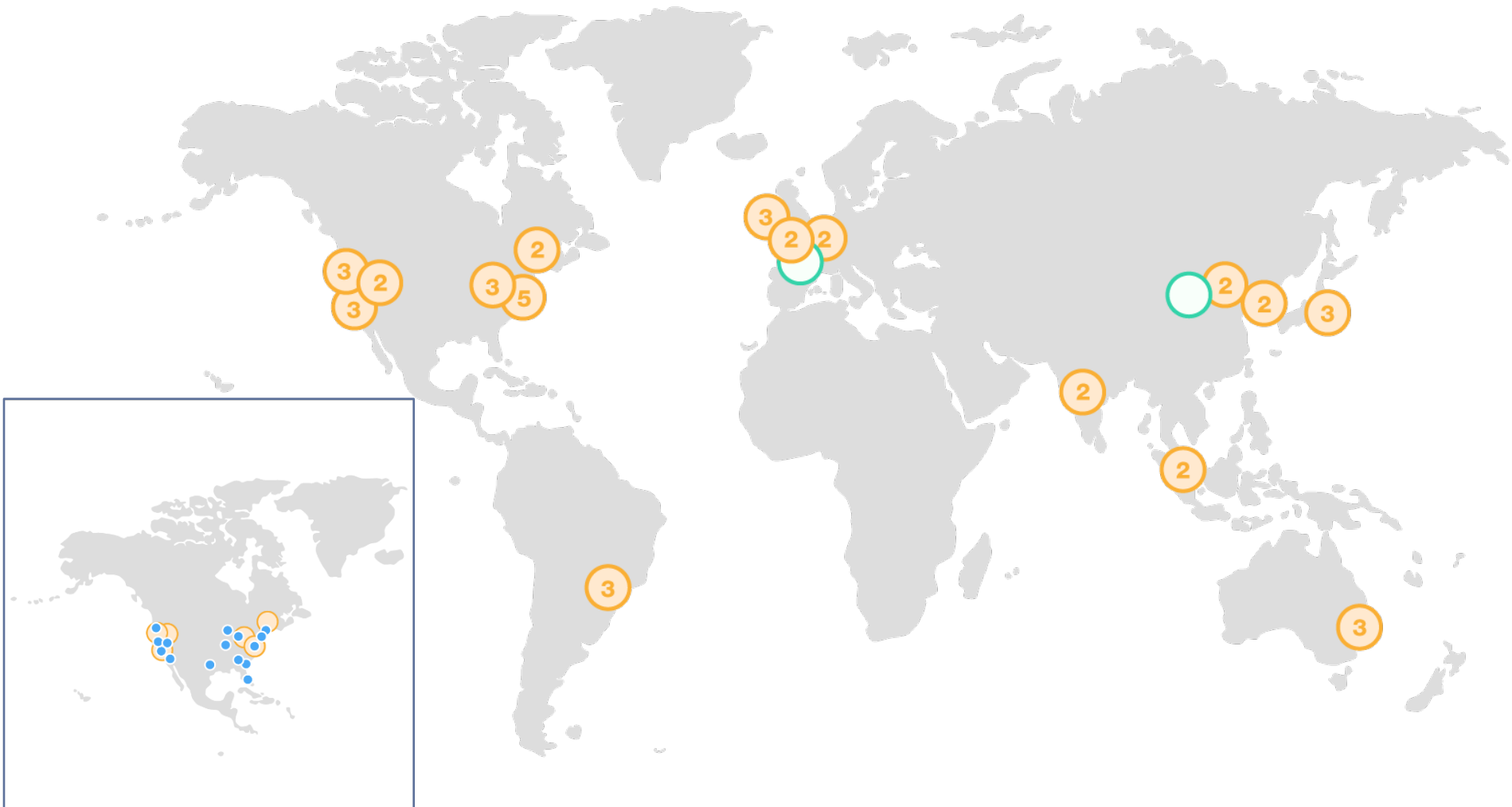
Distributed Architectures

- Distributed Applications require a lot of plumbing
 - Geographically distributed data centers
 - Network connectivity
 - Replication
 - Load Balancing
 - Reliable storage
- Cloud vendors sweat the details
- Leverage scale to distribute costs needed



Distributed Architectures (example)

AWS Global Infrastructure



Scalability is Built-in

- Cloud vendor provides extensive virtualization
 - You never access any physical device
 - No rack and stack, physical restrictions, approval process
- Cloud vendor provides automated provisioning
 - Cloud vendor scale requires extensive automation
 - Monitoring, restart, recreate can all be automated
- Cloud vendor scale provides ‘unlimited’ growth
- Cloud vendor deals with millions of customers
- No need to purchase capital for your most successful case



Decreased 'Time to Market'

- No capital – no procurement
- Most cloud solutions can be used instantly
 - Ample capacity available
- Most are pay as you go, no upfront cost
 - stop paying when you're done
- Allow extensive infrastructures stood up quickly
 - Some allow full automation of application stack
- No 3rd party negotiation
 - Hardware, possibly software



Fail early, Fail often

- No upfront capital investment
- Small scale is inexpensive
- Throw away anything that doesn't work
 - It's all virtual/at vendor anyway
 - No cost once removed
- Try new approaches and see what works
- Bring solutions back on premises
 - Legal, compliance, confidentiality or security requirement
 - Excess capacity



Infrastructure Security vs. Application Security

- Cloud vendors manage security for their services
 - Dedicated staff
 - Generally built securely from the ground up
 - Frequent patches and updates
- Easy to leverage cloud vendor's security
- Bespoke solutions are not part of that 'package'!
 - Use Penn advocated security standards
 - Understand the vendor's service and service levels



Challenges

- Variable Cost
- Development and Operational Paradigm Shift
- Privacy, Legal, Compliance
- Network Considerations
- Fluid space



Variable Cost

- Not always easy to predict
 - No one likes a budget that changes
- Turn off, or remove unused applications/data
- Try to understand your best case and worst case
- Realize that cloud costs are part of your operational costs, forever
- Big data vs. Data Obesity



Development and Operational Paradigm Shift

- Use what was purchased efficiently
- vs
- Build for elasticity
 - Develop for Elastic Infrastructure
 - DevOps takes a greater role
- Rip and Replace
 - Something always fails, just start new instance



Privacy, Legal, Compliance

- NSA
 - Nuff' said
- Strong Contracts and SLAs are paramount
 - Vendor deals with many customers, may not align with Penn's interests
- Use your Local Service Provider

<http://www.upenn.edu/oacp/privacy/>

<http://www.upenn.edu/computing/security/index.php>

<http://www.upenn.edu/computing/security/cloud/index.php>



Network Considerations

- Where is the service located
 - Physics still matter
 - Network topology matters
- Redundancy?
- Does the vendor charge for network ingress and egress to their service?
 - AWS!
- Confidentiality and Encryption



Fluid space

- **Fail Early, Fail often!**
 - Vendors will fail
 - <http://www.wired.com/wiredenterprise/2013/09/nirvanix/>
 - Vendors will change services quickly
- **Decreased Time to Market!**
 - Many startups
 - Consolidation is inevitable
- **What's my Exit Process?**
 - How fast can we get our own data back?
 - In a format that's usable without the vendor's product/service
- **Big data and analytics will change services**



Miscellaneous

- Rip and Replace
 - Herd versus Pets
- Cloud is green (<http://cloudtimes.org/2012/10/28/how-green-is-cloud-computing-new-study/>)
- New capabilities
 - 9-5 computing
 - Pilot light computing
 - DR on ice
- Big Data
- “Free”
 - <http://blogs.law.harvard.edu/futureoftheinternet/2012/03/21/meme-patrol-when-something-online-is-free-youre-not-the-customer-youre-the-product/>



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Resistance Is Futile!

- The industry is moving rapidly to “IT As A Service”
- We will not have a choice in the future
- Penn is already moving in this direction
- We need to get good at this
- Big cultural change – practice, practice, practice
- Speed, flexibility, agility



ISC's Cloud First Program

- Vision

- To position Penn for the future of IT systems and services by pursuing a “Cloud First” strategy to accelerate the speed of delivery and to drive more value through technology to the Penn Community.

- Goals

- Position Penn to thrive in the dramatically changing technological landscape – new learning and education delivery models, research models, security and business on demand.
- Provide new and innovative ways to deliver IT in support of Penn’s mission, while leveraging industry solutions, in a way that provides scalability, agility, efficiency, staff development, and risk management.



ISC's Cloud First Program

- Objectives
 - Increase business application agility, scalability, and effectiveness
 - Improve resource availability for higher value work
 - Leverage currently available technology for greater efficiency
 - Create a more predictable spending profile and total cost of ownership for technology
 - Enable rapid and iterative improvements and replacement of technology



Metrics

- Cloud First: FY17 Q3 – Q4
 - Move 75-100% of test & dev workloads
 - Move 25% of performance environments
 - Move 10% of production environments
 - Migrate 6-8 existing applications



Cloud Resources website

<https://www.isc.upenn.edu/cloud-resources>

- 250 links to a cloud resources grouped by category:
 - Planning & Strategies – Planning guides and articles from Gartner, EDUCAUSE, Cloud Technology Partners
 - Technical Resources – Application development, integration, agile development practices, infrastructure, security
 - Self-Directed Learning – Cloud training and educational opportunities
 - Peer Institutions – Materials and resources from peer institutions, EDUCAUSE, Internet2
 - Reference – Glossaries, background materials, vendors, etc.



More Cloud 101

- On the Cloud Resources website
 - [What is Cloud Computing?](#)
 - 8-part series by Cloud Academy available on YouTube about cloud computing basics, including deployment models, key concepts, service models, common use cases, etc. (no charge)
 - [Cloud Computing First Look](#)
 - Course by David Rivers on Lynda.com explaining the essentials of cloud computing as well as an overview of migration and common cloud technologies (no charge for Lynda.com members)
 - [Cloud Fundamentals](#)
 - 19-part series produced by IT Pro TV; some knowledge of IT concepts needed (no charge for Amazon Prime Video members)



Resources

- Website
 - <https://www.isc.upenn.edu/cloud-first>
- Comments can be sent to
 - cloud-first@isc.upenn.edu



Questions

